

Methods to Detect Abnormal Cell Growth in Lungs for Cancer Prediction: A Review

Prof. Shalini Wankhade¹, Dr. Pravin Futane², Dr. Manohar Kodmelwar³, Prof. Mahesh Bhandari⁴, Prof. Kishor Pathak⁵, Prof. Sonali Bhoite⁶

¹1, ²2, ³3, ⁴4, ⁵5, ⁶6Vishwakarma Institute of Information Technology, IT dept. ,Pune.

Article Info	ABSTRACT
Article history:	
Received month	Lung cancer is a generally find in, so many countries of the
Revised month	world world. The latedigmosissituation of detecting the lung
Accepted month	cancer case is the concern. Due to late detection, the mortality
	rate is high. The medication and treatment
Keywords:	differeintiateaccording to the type and the finding in the
CNN	particular body part any symptoms. We Can save so many
VGG-16	lives by detecting lung cancer at early stages. It's required
FC	todevlop the some tools, so that early detection possible. The
SVM	number of softwares arecreated to increase the accuracy of
СТ	detection. The deep research is needed in the area of artificial neural network, which may give the better result compared to exstingmethodologies. The created tool should have better accuracy of detecting the lung cancer. In this paper we will through light on the different approaches of detecting lung cancer.

1. INTRODUCTION

The mortality rate of peoples in the world due cancer has increased tremendousaly. According to the survey of global cancer observatory the different cancer cases reported like breast, Prostate, cervix uteri, stomach, liver and lung. Observing the fig no.-1 [19]decleared by Globocon in 2020, we can predict that though the reported cases of brest and prostate are more compared to lung but the mortality rate of lung is more among all the cancer decieses. The early detection of cancer can increase the survival rate of people, because due to the less knowledge of medical filed and right treatment for symptoms the mortality rate increased. The abnormal growth of cells in lungs of a person will cause the lung cancer. There are many reasons of cause of lung cancer due to smoking, pollution, different radioactive gases available in environment. There are various methods to detect the lung cancer, still it needs more research to predict accurately. The involvement of technology has increased in the medical field. In this paper we will discuss various methods and the use of artificial neural network to detect the lung cancer.

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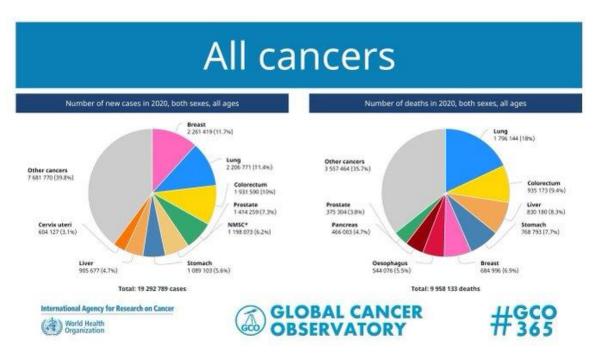


Fig:-1 The Pie Chart All Cancer

2. METHOD TO DETECT

A.CNN and Google net

In this method, the Visual Geometry Group16 andGooglenet are pretrained and this trained neural network applied on collected dataset for lung cancer detection. The output in terms of performance, will be measured by accuracy, precsion and sensitivity. The two NN layer, mainly convolution and normalization are used to compare on the obtained values. The next layer pooling layer is used after this two layers. Based on the output obtained, we can predict adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcemnoma from the images of lung.[1].

In Fig No. 2 Author [20] suggest the collected images of X-ray & CT dataset is applied to preprocessing for augementation, resizing and normalization. The output of dataset preprocessing is applied to deep learning module of VGG19-CNN, Resnet. The output of deep learning model is input to traning and classification layers. and this fully connected layer gives the output as the what type of disease.

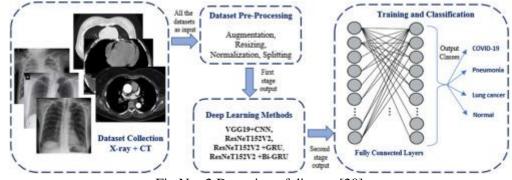


Fig No.-2 Detection of disease [20]

B.VGG16

The VGG16 contains the 16 layers out of these 16 layers, the thirteen convolution layers followed by Rectified Linear Unit layers, max- pooling layers of five and three fully-connected layers with softmax layer. The softmax layer decides the probality that the person having lung cancer or not.It is considered as robust method for feature extraction for new images.[2]

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C.Inception V3

In this method the different types of convolution neural network and filters are used to detect the lung cancer. The Inception V3 is used for anlyzing the images and detecting any object. The lung images obtained are applied to layers of convolution and max pooling layer and finally the output is applied to fully connected neural network[4][17].

D.ResNet50

The Residual Network50 model consist of fifty layers of neural network out of these fifity layers, the fourty eight are convolution network, one max pool and one average pool layer. This has much accuracy compared to ResNet30. It has more number of trainable parameters which make it better for lung image recognition.[18]

E.AlexNet: It is the faster training model it consist of 5 convolutional layers, 3 max-pooling layers, 2 normalization layers, 2 fully connected layers, and 1 softmax layer. It is better for classifying the captured lung images for analysis.[5]

F.Data augmentation

The histological images of lungs will help to view the cells in different angles without influencing the diagnosis process. It is advantages to use data augmentation, by using the rotation method for diagnosis process. Another advantage of data augmentation is that it enlarge the size of dataset being use and increase in size of dataset does not impact on quality of images as input.[16]

G. Support Vector Machine

The SVM model is also the better choice for lung cancer detection due to his accuracyand classification of images. The convolution layer is important layer, which extract the features from the supplied input iamges. The operations are done on convolution layer, the use of filters are required. Apply the convolution operations on collected images for detection. The produced output is considered as feature map or activation map.[15]. In the fig. no.-3 Author [22] discuss about collecting about the dataset and preprocessing done on it, the output is supplied to extract the fetures and optimize them. The output of this then trained to store in database. The uploading the testing data and compared and then output of this is analyzed for classification.

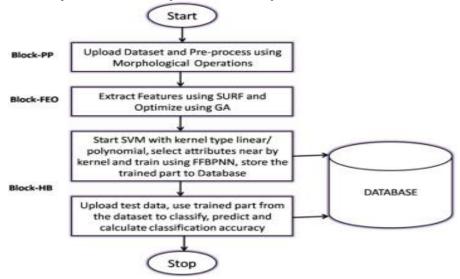


Fig No.3 SVM using hybrd algorithm [21]

H. Deep Learning

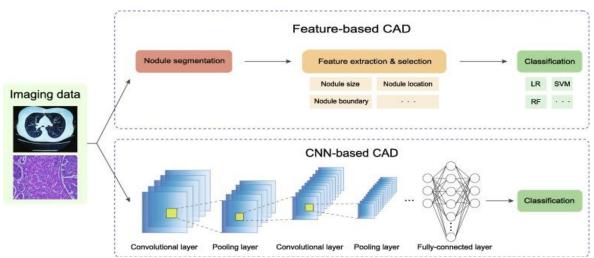
In deep learning, the use Convolution Neural Network and preprocessing pipeline for enchancing the accuracy of processes. Itenchances the quality of smooth and unsmooth lung images for better understanding. The use of image processing technique in medial filed has also helped with CNN for enhancing image quality. The use deep learning layers with CNN and image processing

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Vol 12 Issue 03 2023 ISSN NO: 2230-5807

algorithm will detect the small spots in Computed tomography images.[2][6][7]. In fig no.-2 Author [21] discuss about supplying the imaging data convolution layer, the output of convolution layer is given to pooling layer, then the output of pooling layer is given to fully connected layer and the output we obsrve as the classification of imagin data.



I.Transfer learning

It is machine learning method, in which, we use the pre-trained model on input data as first process. The output of first process is optimized for modeling next task on input images. Using the transfer learning on the the ung cancer images will result in good performance on less data. It is easy compared to other model for detecting the lung cancer from images.[3]

SR. NO.	POINTS	TECHNIQUE
1	VGG16	First tuned block is 5 th block
2	Inception V3	Backword tuning from 10 th block
3	ResNet50	Contain 5 convolution layers and three fullay connected layers
4	DEEP LEARNING	Ues the VGG16 with 16 convolution layers
5	ALEX NET	It use 8 deep layers
6	SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE	Use hyperplane to separate the data into classes
7	IMAGE PROCESSING	Operation on image to get image details
8	DATA AUGMENTATION	Adding New data to artificially derived from exsting trained data
9	TRANSFER LEARNING	Transfer large knowledge to smallest model

3. Comparision

Table No.-1 Comparision of methods

4.CONCLUSION

Paper describes the various methods suggested by authors, to detect the abnormal growth of tissue in lung, to predict the lung cancer. The different methods have different aproches. The Artificial Neural Network can be the best approach, for detection comapared to other method and manual detection.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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I am thankful to Vishwakarma Institute of Information Technology college for for providing best environment for research. I am thankful to director, HOD, staff and my colleague.

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BIOGRAPHIES OF AUTHORS

	Author1 🗓 🔣 🖾 🖻
	Prof. Shalini Wankhade
	Google Scholar
	https://scholar.google.co.in/citations?user=LnMCwucAAAAJ&hl=en
	SCOPUS
	https://rb.gy/7xh0be
	Author2
	Dr. PravinFutane
	GoogeSchlor
	https://scholar.google.com/citations?hl=en&user=NG4TxOMAAAAJ
	SCOPUS
	https://www.scopus.com/authid/detail.uri?authorId=46161167400
	Author3
000	Dr.ManoharKodmelwar
single -	Google Scholar
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Vol 12 Issue 03 2023 ISSN NO: 2230-5807



Author6 Sec P Prof. SonaliBhoite

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